

CITY OF ST. ALBERT ADMINISTRATIVE BACKGROUNDER

TITLE: DOWNTOWN VISUAL PREFERENCE SURVEY RESULTS

Downtown Visual Preference Survey Results - Public

The Downtown Visual Preference Survey was conducted by the Planning Branch through the City website between July 1 and July 31, 2016. We received 414 responses from the public - a high response rate indicating a strong interest to participate in the implementation of the Downtown Area Redevelopment Plan (DARP).

Survey results provide an opportunity to derive important themes and conclusions that will be used to inform the Downtown Redevelopment Implementation Strategy and Downtown Parking Strategy, currently underway.

Report Date: September 26, 2016

Author(s): Teaka Broughm

Committee/Department: Planning & Development

General Manager: Gilles Prefontaine Interim City Manager: C. Jardine





Council Planning Advisory Notice

Developer: n/a Consultant: n/a Address: n/a

Project description

Attachment

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The Downtown Visual Preference Survey was conducted by the Planning Branch through the City website between July 1 and July 31, 2016. We received 414 responses from the public - a high response rate indicating a strong interest to participate in the implementation of the Downtown Area Redevelopment Plan (DARP). An identical survey was also conducted separately for internal city staff, which received 57 responses.

Purpose

The intent of the survey was to gather quantitative and qualitative data to better understand how different types of urban spaces are perceived and to prioritize elements of a successful Downtown. The results of the survey will inform the Downtown Redevelopment Implementation Strategy and Downtown Parking Strategy.

Methodology and Select Public Results

Respondents were asked to state how they use Downtown most (work, resident, business owner, frequent visitor, etc.). The majority of respondents frequently or occasionally visit Downtown.

Respondents were also asked to prioritize 7 different outcomes the revitalization of the Downtown aims to achieve.

- The top priorities for respondents were: "having things to do downtown" and "supporting local businesses".
- Close behind were "walkability" and "Public Spaces".
- Surprisingly, "short and long term parking solutions" and "improving the tax base" were the lowest priorities for respondents.

Respondents were then asked to rate a series of images showcasing different examples of urban spaces on a scale of 3 to -3, with 3 being the most appealing and -3 being the least. Images were grouped into different categories: building styles, parking options, streetscapes, and public spaces. Some of the images included local examples from nearby municipalities, while others illustrated international examples of innovative and trendsetting urban

Distribution to: City Council, Corporate Communications, P&E front desk, P&D staff, EcDev

spaces. This section of the survey provided opportunity to derive important themes and conclusions from the results. A complete look at the survey results are provided as Attachment 1.

Expected Project Timelines	Next Steps
The survey is now complete.	Survey results will inform the Downtown Redevelopment Implementation Strategy and the Downtown Parking Strategy that will be presented to Council in Q4, 2016.

Key messages for public

The Downtown Visual Preference Survey was a success with 414 responses from the public. Responses identified priorities and preferences for our revitalizing Downtown neighbourhood. Survey results provided opportunity to derive important themes and conclusions that will be used to inform the Downtown Redevelopment Implementation Strategy and Downtown Parking Strategy, currently underway.

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Director of Planning and Development:
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Date: August 24, 2016

ATTACHMENT 1 - VISUAL PREFERENCE SURVEY RESULTS

Respondents were asked to rate examples of Downtown spaces. While these rating were objective in nature, there are some relevant observations that can be made from the aggregated data. Observations are listed in the table below. The average weighted values of the subject are shown in green for an appealing rating or red for non-appealing.

The average weighted values were determined by calculating the frequency of each rating selection (-3, -2,-1, 0, 1, 2, 3) and averaging these totals.

Urban Form/Style	Appealing (High rating)	Not Appealing (Low rating)
Building Height	• 3 Storey buildings (1.92)	• High-rises; over 10 stories (-1.52, -0.54)
	6 Storey buildings (1.52)	One storey retail (-0.71)
Building Style	Contemporary, mixed-use buildings (brick,	Modern buildings, (steel, glass, uniform
	glass, pitched roof, stone features) (1.73, 1.00)	panels, modular design) (-0.19, -0.11)
	 Traditional, mixed-use buildings 	•
	(colourful/contrasting facades, decorative	
	entrances/windows) (1.89, 1.73)	
	Multi-level buildings with setbacks between	
	levels (1.39, 0.67)	
Public Space	 Spaces with a balance of green and paved 	Public spaces that were mostly or entirely
	elements (1.56, 0.86)	paved (-0.33)
	Spaces which provided opportunity for	•
	recreational activities and active	
	transportation (cycling, running, etc.) (1.56),	
	opposed to spaces that simply provided	
	seating. (0.48)	
	• The spray park (0.95) and skating rink (1.62)	
	Winter activities and public art (0.91)	
Landscaping	• Images with street trees (2.02, 1.03)	Images without street trees along the
	The high-rise with street trees, received a	boulevards (-0.78, -1.85)
	substantially higher rating than the low-rise (3	
	storeys) without street trees	
	Medians with landscaping received a very high	
	rating (1.43)	

011-	•	•
Streets	Pedestrian-only streets without vehicular	Streets with cycling lanes on the public
	access (2.19, 2.10) or limited access (0.94)	roadway(-0.68)
	Streets with a defined separation (landscaped)	
	boulevard) between cyclists and cars (1.57)	
	 Narrow streets were slightly preferred over 	
	wide streets	
Parking Options	Parking lots with high quality landscaping	Unpaved parking lots without adequate
	received the highest rating (2.15)	drainage (- <mark>2.31</mark>)
	Smaller integrated parking lots (1.04) were	
	preferred over large surface lots (0.06)	
	(However, note: the survey was based on	
	aesthetics, not function or capacity)	
	 Modern parking garages with a high standard 	•
	in architecture (1.22), including those built	
	into a mixed use façade (0.87)	
	Parallel parking (0.67) verses angled parking	
	(0.64)received very similar ratings	

Additional Note: While high-rises received very low ratings, the street view perspective of a three story podium (bottom floors of a high-rise), with a setback tower on top that is not visible from the street view, received an exceptionally high score. (Image 16B - 1.38)

Visual Preference Rating Images and Results

The average weighted values for each image are listed in the white boxes. The public survey results are presented in the larger box in green or red, while the internal results are listed in the smaller box in black.

Building Height









Public Space 1











Public Space 2



















Building Style 2









Streetscape 1









Streetscape 2









Integrated Street









Parking Options 1









Parking Options 2









Parking Options (Street)









Streetscape Design











Mixed-use Commercial and Residential Buildings



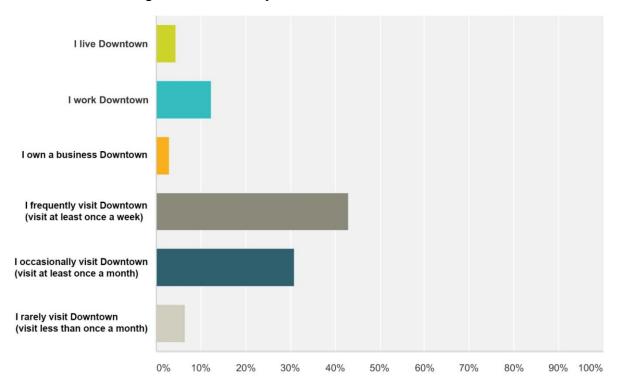




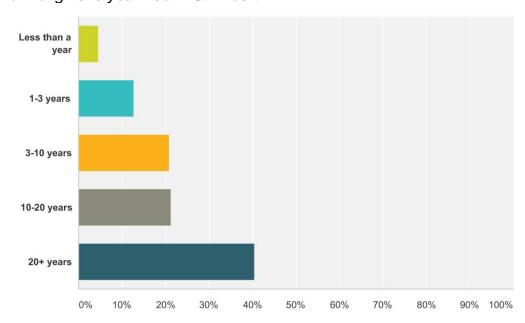


Visual Preference Survey - Public

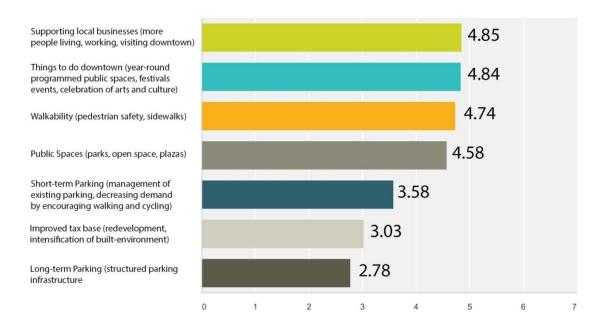
Which of the following best describes you?



How long have you lived in St. Albert?



Please rate the Redevelopment Principle. (A higher total indicates a greater importance)





Visual Preference Survey – Internal Results

In addition to the public Visual Preference Survey, an internal survey was concurrently performed, which received 57 responses. The internal survey was identical to the public survey, except for the addition of a question confirming the specific department the respondent belongs to.

A comparison of the public and internal survey results indicates that City staff share a very similar visual preference as the general public. The data revealed that there were no polarizing differences between preferences, and in almost every case, what was believed to be appealing to the public was also appealing to City staff. The importance of different redevelopment elements was also similar, with only one significant difference being that City staff felt that long-term parking solutions were more important than the public did (see list below). The similarities in these responses suggests a mutual understanding of what types of urban development are considered visually appealing, which may be valuable when exploring some of the sensitivities relating to Downtown development in the future.

When comparing the internal survey results to the public, the differences revealed that City staff:

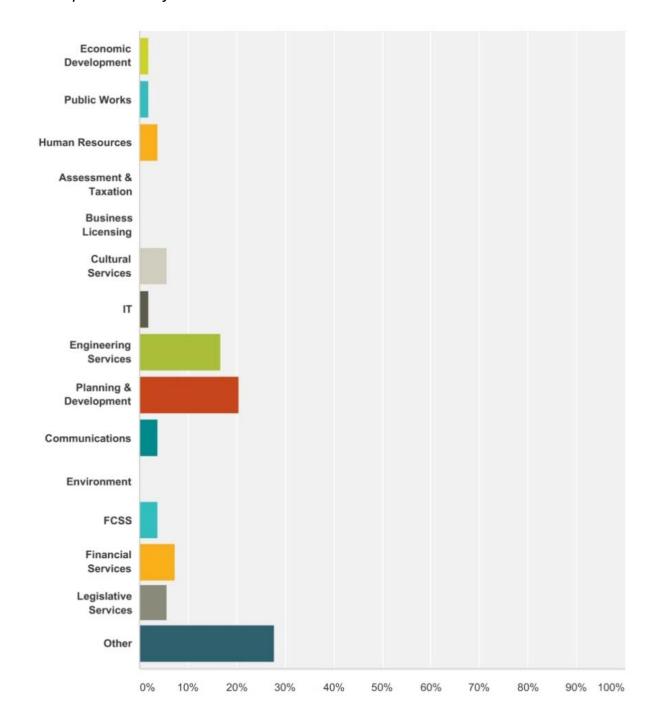
- Are slightly more favourable towards
 - o high-rise development
 - o one-storey retail development
- Put greater importance on long-term (structured) parking solutions

Note: These findings are not representative of the professional opinions of Administration, but simply observations made based on the comparative results between respondents to the public survey and respondents to the internal survey.



Visual Preference Survey – Internal Results

What department do you work for?



Please rate the Redevelopment Principles (A higher total indicates a greater importance)

